Ryan Skelly

Architecture 305b Portfolio

Final Project

General Description

The final project for Architecture 305b consists of the complete architectural and structural design of a two story commercial building, located in the greater Los Angeles area, which is left up to the students' discretion.

Architecturally, there is no limit to design or concept besides being within the project parameters, listed adjacent. My group decided to do an asymmetrical building shape, conceptualized as a brewery, a restaurant, and a bar deemed "The Hopperation." The building is characterized by a rustic and classic brewery design, utilizing materials such as brick for the walls and polished concrete for the flooring. One major highlight of the building is its encompassing usage and display of brewery equipment throughout the architecture, creating an interesting and unique place to dine and spend time.

Structurally, the commercial building is designed using wood, masonry, reinforced concrete, and steel. The flexible roof diaphragm was designed using plywood shear panels, wood GLBs, and steel columns. The rigid second floor diaphragm was designed using a reinforced concrete slab, reinforced CMU walls, steel beams and steel columns.

The final design package for the commercial building must include full structural engineering calculations, architectural plans, structural plans, renders, and structural details.

Parameters

Location: Arts District, Downtown Los Angeles, CA

Lot Size: Based on actual lot size (streets control usable area)

Usable Area: Approximately 200ft x 200ft (or more)

Number of Rooms: Based on architecture

Type of Roof and Floor Diaphragms: Roof - Flexible Diaphragm

2nd Floor - Rigid Diaphragm

Lateral Load Resisting Elements: Plywood Shear Panels for flexible roof diaphragm, and CMU piers for rigid 2nd floor diaphragm.

Location

Address: 216 S. Alameda St.

Los Angeles, CA 90012

Longitude: 118.23782 W

Latitude: 34.04661 N

■USGS Design Maps Summary Report

User-Specified Input

View Detailed Report

port Print

Report Title 216 S. Alameda St. Los Angeles, CA 90012

Sun February 14, 2016 23:03:06 UTC

Building Code Reference Document ASCE 7-05 Standard

(which utilizes USGS hazard data available in 2002)

Site Coordinates 34.04661°N, 118.23782°W Site Soil Classification Site Class D – "Stiff Soil"

Occupancy Category I/II/III

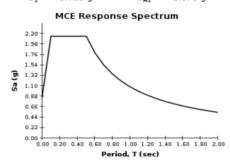


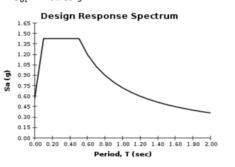
USGS-Provided Output

$$\mathbf{S_s} = 2.141 \, \mathrm{g}$$
 $\mathbf{S_{MS}} = 2.141 \, \mathrm{g}$ $\mathbf{S_i} = 0.719 \, \mathrm{g}$ $\mathbf{S_{Mi}} = 1.078 \, \mathrm{g}$

$$\mathbf{S}_{\text{DS}} = 1.427 \text{ g}$$

 $\mathbf{S}_{\text{D1}} = 0.719 \text{ g}$

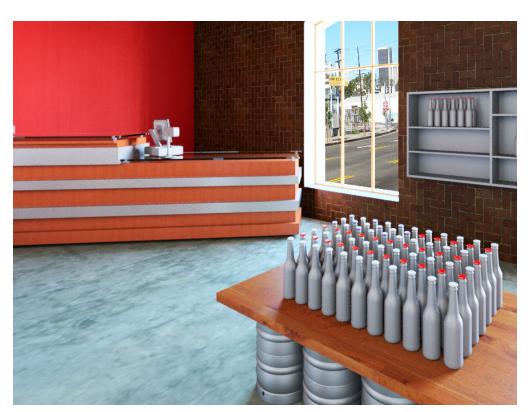


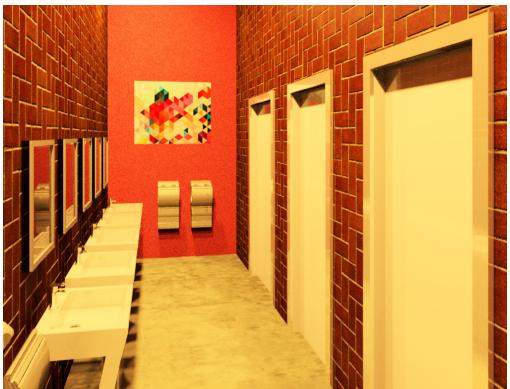


Renders









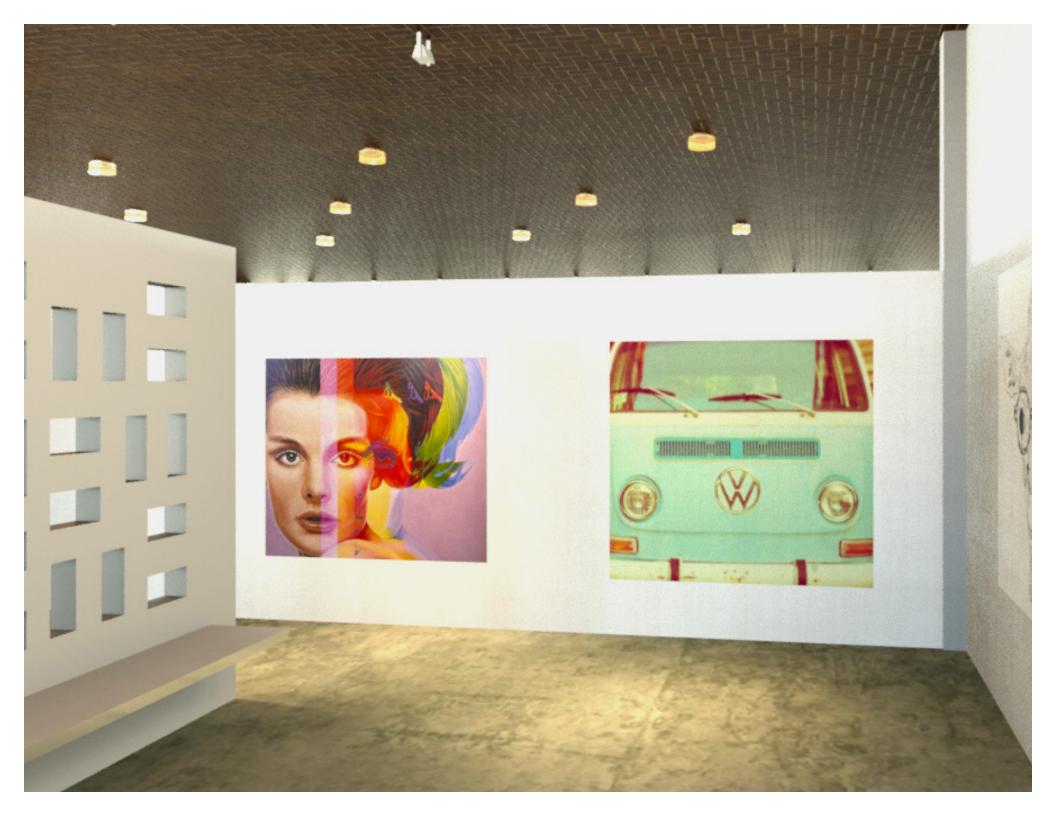












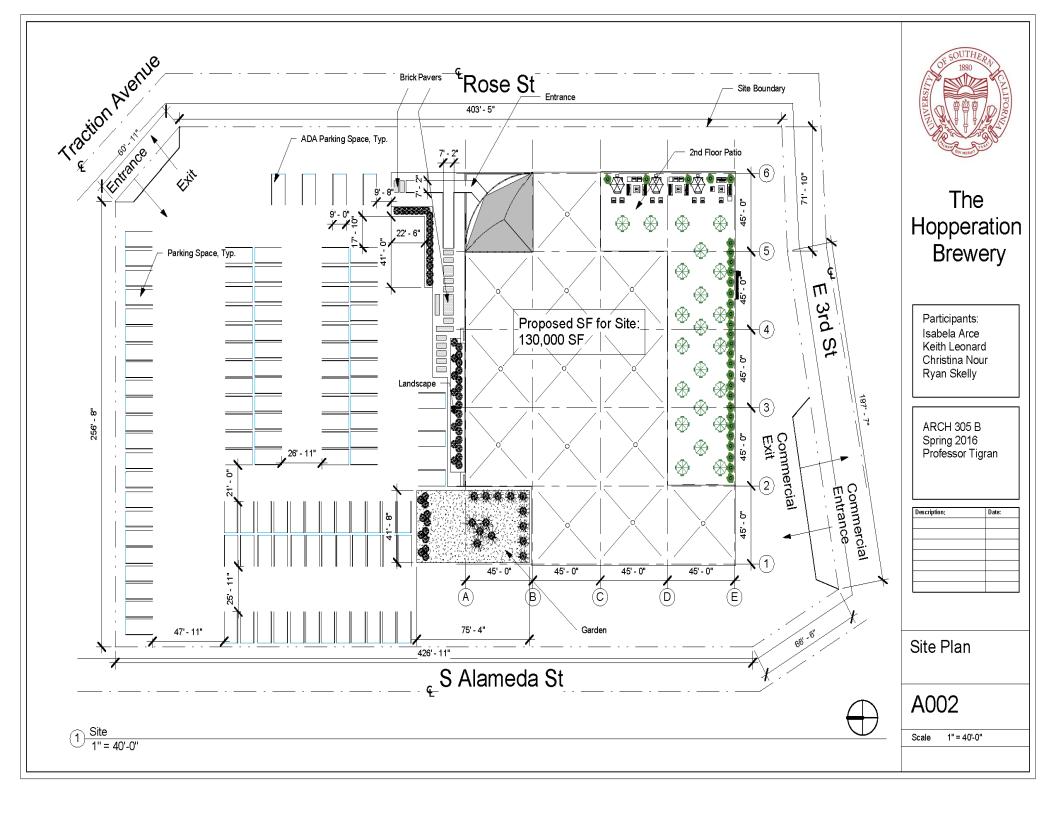


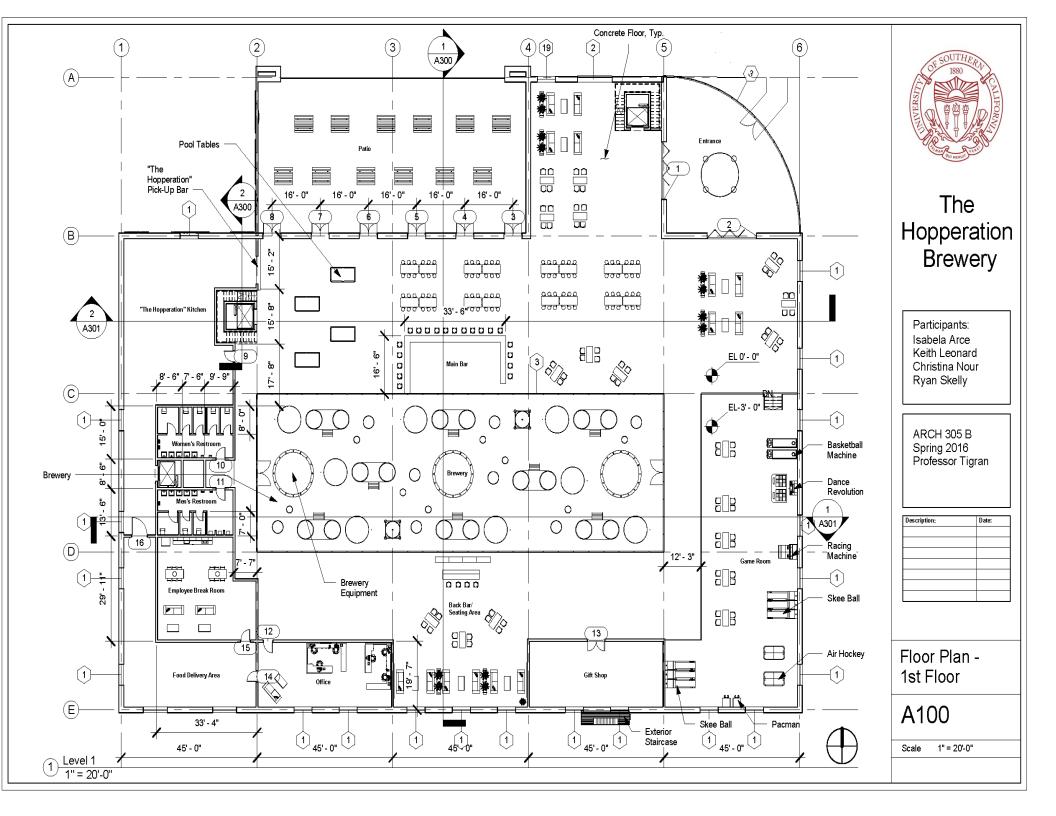






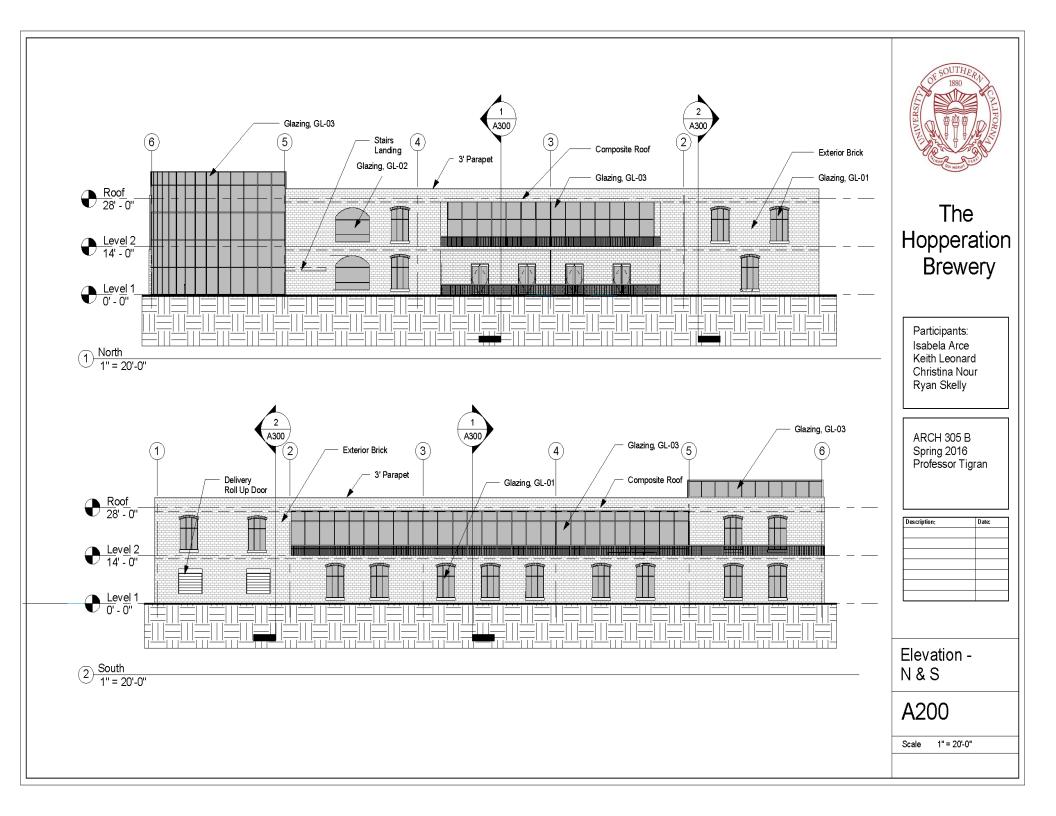
Architectural Plans

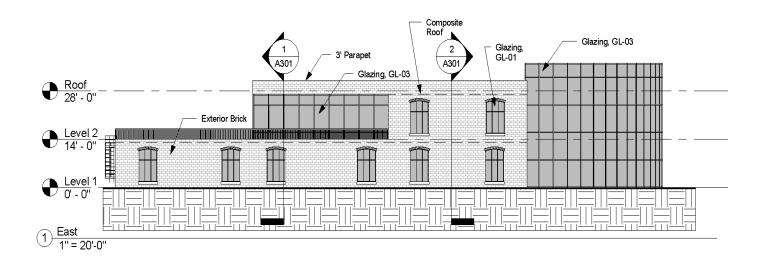


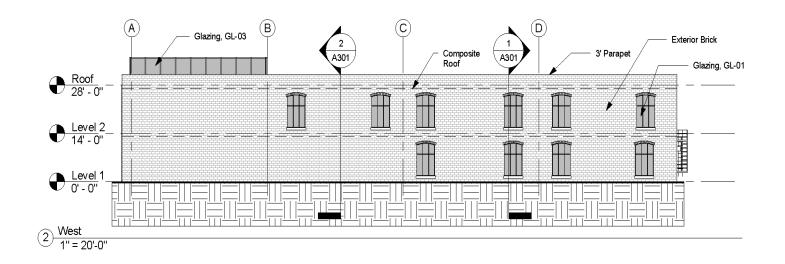




Elevations









The Hopperation _ - Brewery-

Participants: Isabela Arce Keith Leonard Christina Nour Ryan Skelly

ARCH 305 B Spring 2016 Professor Tigran

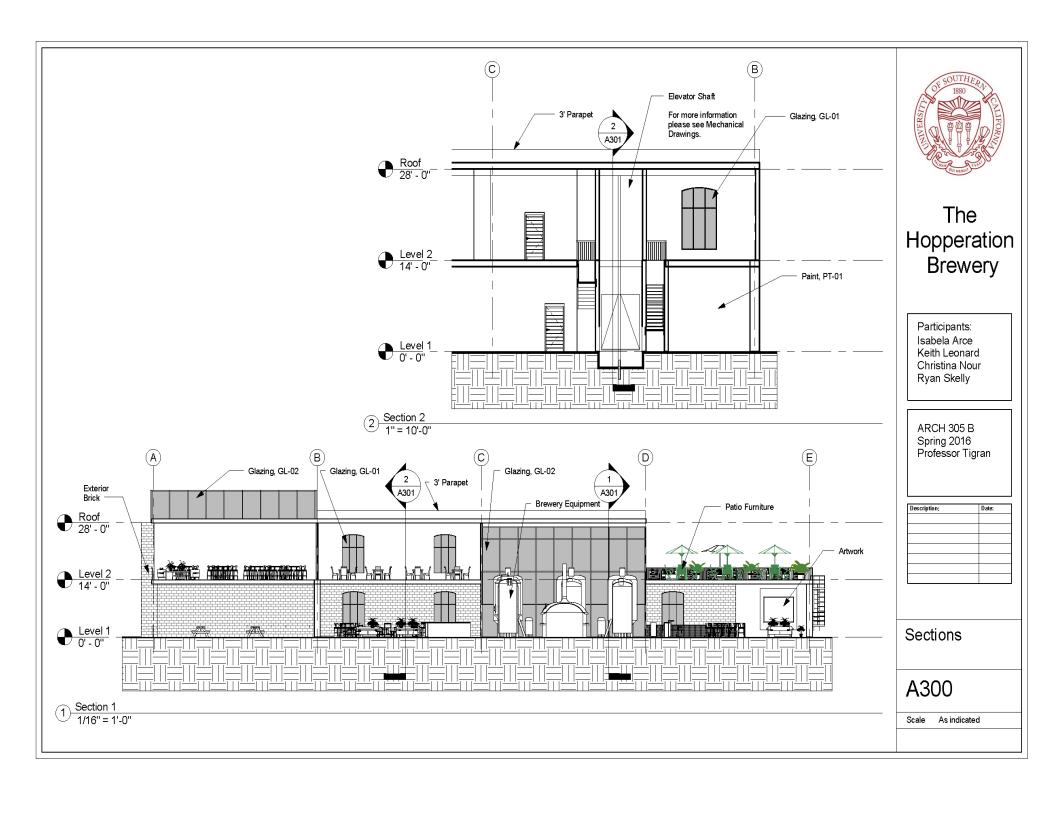
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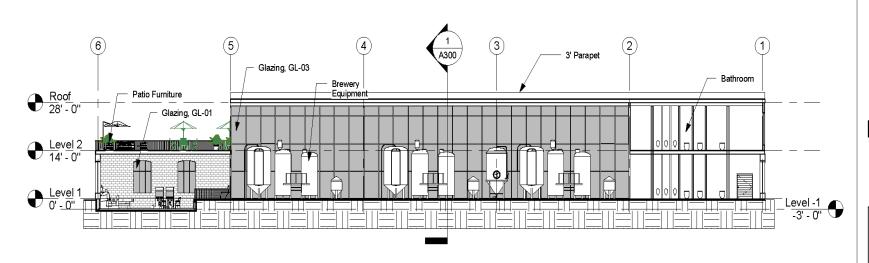
Elevation -E & W

A201

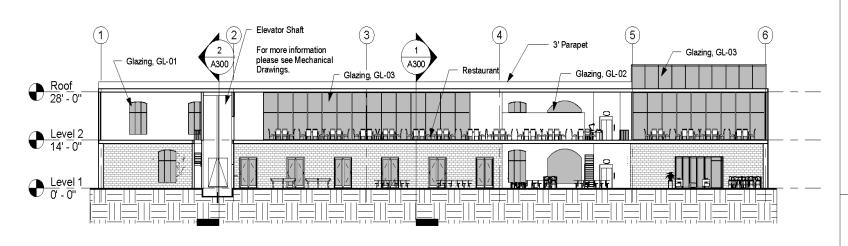
Scale 1" = 20'-0"

Sections











The Hopperation Brewery

Participants: Isabela Arce Keith Leonard Christina Nour Ryan Skelly

ARCH 305 B Spring 2016 Professor Tigran

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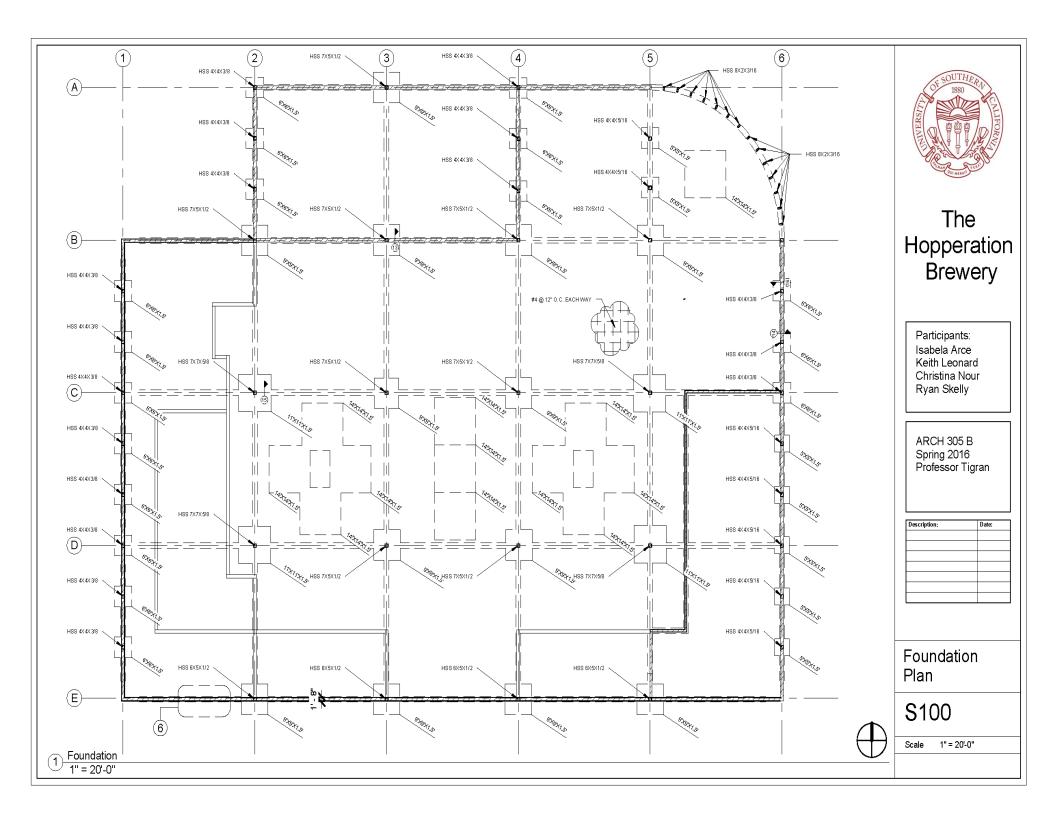
Sections

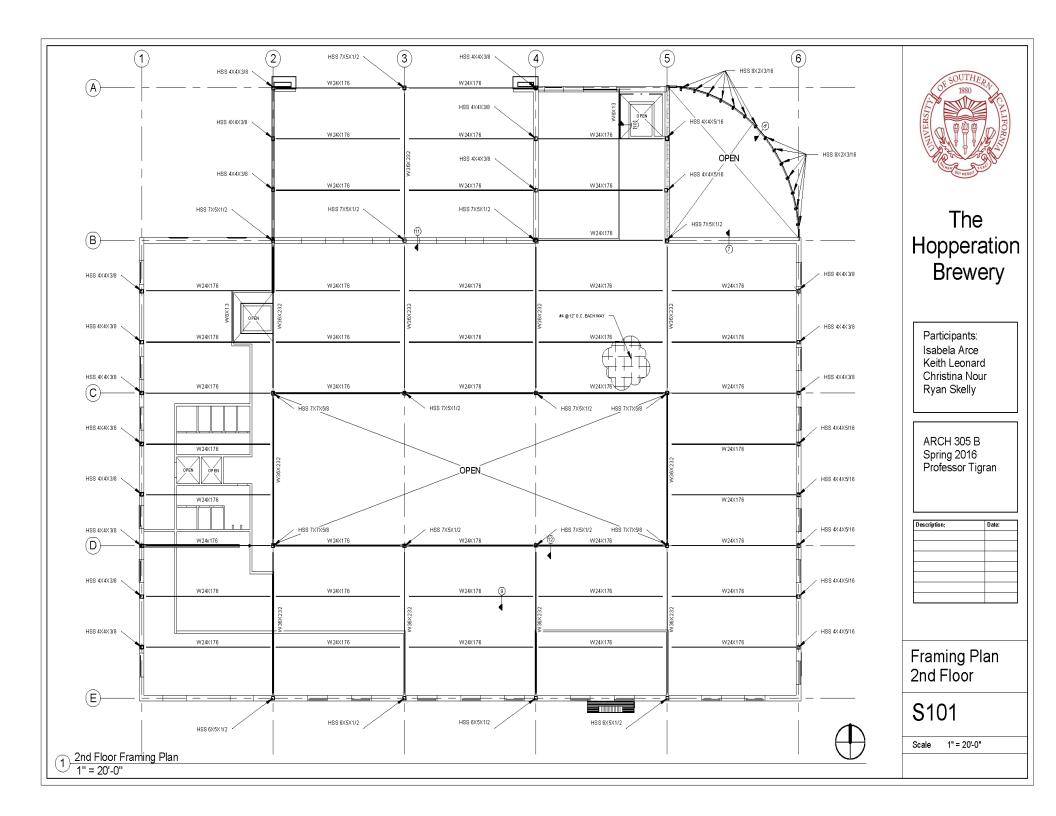
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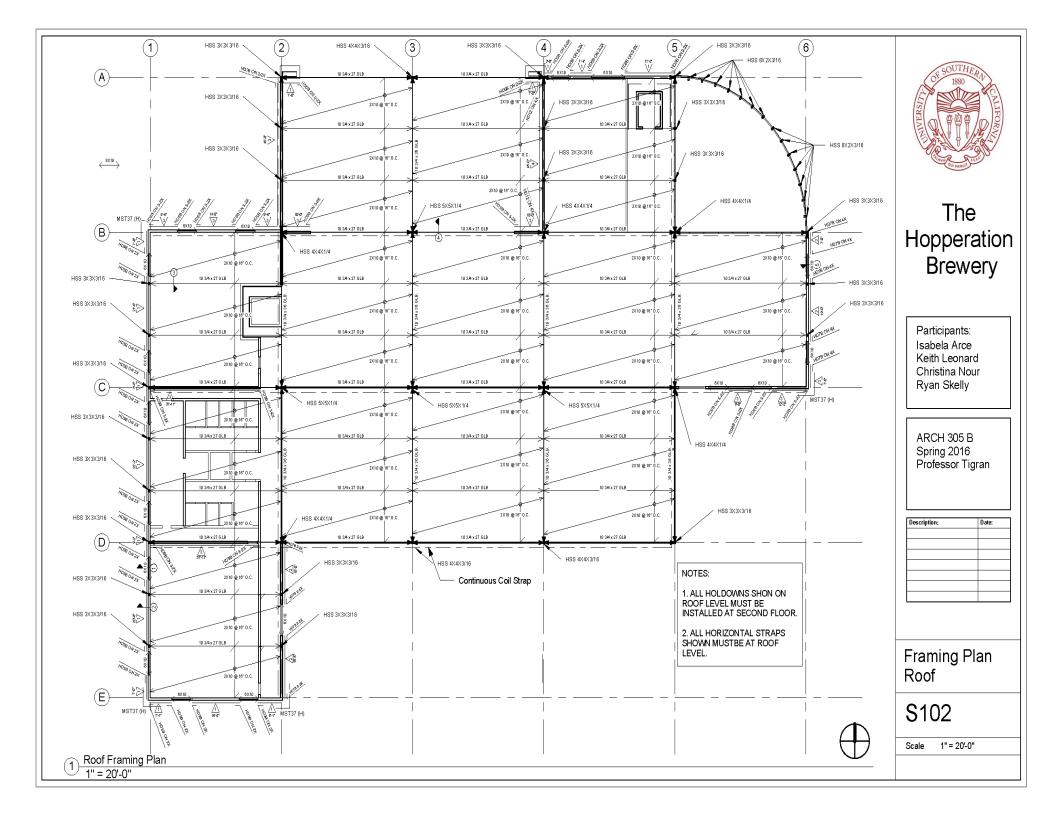
Scale 1" = 20'-0"

2 Section 3 1" = 20'-0"

Structural Plans







Calculations

Wind Design - 2ND Wood Framing

Wind = 20 psf $F_{C}' = 1650[0.98011 - \{(0.98011)^2 - 0.71023\}^{1/2}] = 791.529 \text{ psi}$

 P_a = 16.0 psf x 1.33 ft x 45 ft = 957.6 lb P_{all} = F_{C} ′ x A = 791.529 psi x 8.25 in² = 6,530.11 lb → 957.60 lb < 6,530.11 lb (2 x 6) ✓ 0.K

W= 20 psf x 1.33 ft = 26.6 plf M = WL²/8 = 26.6(11)²/8 = 402.325 lb-ft → 402.325 lb-ft < 1030 lb-ft (2 x 6) \checkmark O.K

 $P_a/P_{all} + M/M_{all} < 1.33$ (957.6/6,530.11) + (402.325/1030) = 0.537 \rightarrow 0.537 < 1.33 (2 x 6 O.K.)

 \rightarrow 2 x 6 @ 16" O.C. is adequate

Wind Design: Glass Curtain Wall (Entrance)

Parameters:

$$C = 2\pi r \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}C = \frac{1}{2}\pi r$$

$$r = 45'$$

$$\frac{1}{4}C = \frac{1}{2}\pi r = \frac{1}{2}\pi(45') = 70.6858 \text{ ft}$$
Say $C = 70'$

Use segment length = $5' \rightarrow \frac{70}{5} = 14$ segments of glass WL = (20 psf)(5 ft) = 100 plf

L = 36'

$$F_y = 46 \text{ ksi (HSS RECT.)}$$

E = 29,000 ksi

$$M = \frac{WL^2}{8} = \frac{(100 \text{ plf})(36 \text{ ft})^2}{8} = 16.2 \text{ k} - \text{ft}$$

$$V = \frac{WL}{2} = \frac{(100 \text{ plf})(36 \text{ ft})}{2} = 1.8 \text{ k}$$

Try HSS
$$8x2x\frac{3}{16} \to M = 17.2 \text{ k} - \text{ft (Table 3} - 12)$$

Self wt: 0.0010235 k/in

$$I = 22.4 \text{ in}^4$$

$$\Delta = \frac{5WL^4}{384EI} = \frac{(5)\left(\frac{0.000833 \text{ k}}{\text{in}}\right) (36 \text{ ft x } 12 \text{ in})^4}{(384)(29000 \text{ ksi})(22.4 \text{ in}^4)} =$$

$$= 0.582 \text{ in } < \frac{L}{240} = \frac{(36 \text{ ft x} 12 \text{ in})}{240} = 1.8 \text{ in } \rightarrow \text{OK}$$

Use HSS $8x2x\frac{3}{16}$ for Steel Columns in Glass Curtain Wall

Steel-Concrete Stair Design

Dimensions:

Landing:

$$L = 14'5" = 14.4167'$$

 $w = 3'$

Stair Runs (Each run is equivalent in dimension):

$$L = 11'1'' = 11.0833'$$

 $w = 3'$
 $h = 7'$

Design Stair Runs:

LL = 100 psf

$$DL = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{8}\right)'' (490 \text{ psf})}{(12")} + \frac{(3")(150 \text{ psf})}{(12")} = 42.6042 \text{ psf}$$

$$W = DL + LL = (42.6042 \text{ psf} + 100 \text{ psf}) \left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = 213.9063 \text{ plf}$$

$$M = \frac{\text{wl}^2}{8} = \frac{(213.9063 \text{ plf})(11.0833')^2}{8} = 3,284.5181 \text{ ft} - \text{lb} = 3.285 \text{ k} - \text{ft}$$

$$V = \frac{\text{WL}}{2} = \frac{(213.9063 \text{ plf})(11.0833 \text{ FT})}{2} = 790.3180 \text{ lb} = 0.7903 \text{ k}$$

Try C12x20.7

$$\Delta = \frac{5WL^4}{384EI} = \frac{(5)\left(\frac{0.01783 \text{ k}}{\text{in}}\right) (11.0833 \text{ ft x } 12 \text{ in})^4}{(384)(29000 \text{ ksi})(129 \text{ in}^4)} =$$

$$= 0.0194 \text{ in } < \frac{L}{240} = \frac{(11.0833 \text{ ft x } 12 \text{ in})}{240} = 0.554 \text{ in } \rightarrow \text{OK}$$

USE C12x20.7 for Stair Stringer

Design Landing:

$$M = \frac{wl^2}{8} = \frac{(213.9063 \text{ plf})(14.4167')^2}{8} = 5557.3188 \text{ ft} - \text{lb} = 5.557 \text{ k} - \text{ft}$$

$$V = \frac{WL}{2} = \frac{(213.9063 \text{ plf})(14.4167 \text{ ft})}{2} = 1,541.9115 \text{ lb} = 1.542 \text{ k}$$

Try C12x20.7

$$\Delta = \frac{5WL^4}{384EI} = \frac{(5)\left(\frac{0.01783 \text{ k}}{\text{in}}\right) (14.4167 \text{ ft x } 12 \text{ in})^4}{(384)(29000 \text{ ksi})(129 \text{ in}^4)} =$$

$$= 0.0556 \text{ in } < \frac{L}{240} = \frac{(14.4167 \text{ ft x } 12 \text{ in})}{240} = 0.7208 \text{ in } \rightarrow \text{OK}$$

USE C12x20.7 for Landing Stringer

Design Railing Post:

$$P_{max} = 200 lb$$

H = 36 in

$$M = PH = (200 lb)(36 in) = 7200 in - lb$$

 $W = 50 plf$

Try HSS1.660x0.140

$$\Delta = \frac{5WL^4}{384EI} = \frac{(5)\left(\frac{0.004167 \text{ k}}{\text{in}}\right) (3 \text{ ft x } 12 \text{ in})^4}{(384)(29000 \text{ ksi})(0.910 \text{ in}^4)} =$$

$$= 0.0171 \text{ in } < \frac{L}{240} = \frac{(3 \text{ ft x } 12 \text{ in})}{240} = 0.15 \text{ in } \rightarrow \text{OK}$$

USE HSS 1.660 x 0.140 for Railing Post

Design Stair Columns:

$$w = DL + LL = (42.6042 \text{ psf} + 100 \text{ psf})(3) = 427.8126 \text{ plf}$$

 $H = 7'$

$$P = \frac{1}{2} (w_{\text{stair}}) + \frac{1}{2} (w_{\text{landing}}) = \frac{1}{2} (4741.575 \text{ lb}) + \frac{1}{2} (6167.646 \text{ lb}) = 5,454.61$$
Try HSS $2x2x \frac{3}{16} \rightarrow P_{\text{allow}} = 13.5 \text{ k}$

$$P < P_{allow} \rightarrow = 5.455 \text{ k} < 13.5 \text{ k} \rightarrow OK$$

USE (2) HSS $2x2x\frac{3}{16}$ columns attached to landing

Slab Design

Assume 6" reinforced concrete slab

$$DL = 94 psf$$

$$LL = 100 \text{ psf}$$

$$f_c' = 3,000 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_v = 60,000 \text{ psi}$$

For Deflection:

$$w = 94 psf + 100 psf = 194 psf$$

$$\Delta = \frac{WL^4}{185EI} < \frac{L}{240}$$

$$\Delta = \frac{(194 \text{ psf})L^4 \left(\frac{1 \text{ k}}{1000 \text{ lb}}\right) \left(\frac{1'}{12''}\right)}{185(3122 \text{ ksi})(216 \text{ in}^4)} < \frac{L}{240}$$

For Moment:

$$w = (1.2)(94 psf) + (1.6)(100 psf) = 272.8 plf$$

$$M_u = \frac{(272.8 \text{ plf})(15 \text{ ft})^2}{8} = 7.673 \text{ k} - \text{ft}$$

Steel:

$$F = \frac{bd^2}{12000} = \frac{(12 \text{ in})(5 \text{ in})^2}{12000} = 0.025$$

$$K_n = \frac{M_u}{F} = \frac{7.673}{0.025} = 306.9 \rightarrow \rho = 0.0062$$

$$A_s = bd\rho = (12 \text{ in})(5 \text{ in})(0.0062) = 0.372 \text{ in}^2$$

Choose #4 reinforcement

$$(0.2)(12) = (?)(.372)$$

USE #4 @ 6" O. C. for L = 15'

Brewery Tank Design

Parameters:

Determine weight of holding tank (when full):

$$\begin{split} V_{\rm cyl} &= \pi r^2 h = \pi (4')^2 (15.1667') = 762.3615 \ {\rm ft}^3 \\ \text{Density of beer} &= \rho_{\rm beer} = 1060 \frac{{\rm kg}}{{\rm m}^3} \\ \gamma_{\rm beer} &= \left(1060 \frac{{\rm kg}}{{\rm m}^3}\right) \left(\frac{1 \ {\rm m}}{3.28084 \ {\rm ft}}\right)^3 \left(\frac{2.20462 \ {\rm lb}}{1 \ {\rm kg}}\right) = 66.17355 \frac{{\rm lb}}{{\rm ft}^3} \\ W_{\rm tank} &= W_{\rm beer} V_{\rm cyl} = \left(66.17355 \frac{{\rm lb}}{{\rm fr}^3}\right) (762.3615 \ {\rm ft}^3) \left(\frac{1 {\rm k}}{1000 {\rm lb}}\right) = 50.4482 \ {\rm k} \end{split}$$

Determine Seismic Force acting on the cylindrical holding tank:

Use criterion for boilers, water heaters, and atmospheric tanks:

$$a_{\rm p} = 1.0$$

$$R_{\rm p} = 2.5$$

Use criteria for a standard manufacturing facility:

$$I_{\rm p} = 1.0$$

Holding tank is on ground level:

$$z = 0$$

Other Parameters:

$$h = 28'$$

$$S_{DS} = 1.427$$

$$W_p = 50.4482 \text{ k}$$

Compute Horizontal Seismic Design Force:

$$F_{p} = \frac{0.4a_{p}S_{DS}W_{p}}{\left(\frac{R_{p}}{I_{n}}\right)}\left(1 + 2\left(\frac{z}{h}\right)\right) = \frac{0.4(1.0)(1.427)(50.4482 \text{ k})}{\left(\frac{2.5}{1.0}\right)}\left(1 + 2\left(\frac{0}{28'}\right)\right)$$

$$F_n = 11.5183 \text{ k}$$

$$F_p \le 1.6S_{DS}I_PW_p = (1.6)(1.427)(1.0)(50.4482) = 115.1833 k$$

$$11.5183 \text{ k} \le 115.1833 \text{ k} \rightarrow \text{o. k}.$$

$$F_p \ge 0.3S_{DS}I_pW_p = (0.3)(1.427)(1.0)(50.4482) = 21.5969 k$$

11.5183 k
$$\geq$$
 21.5969 k \rightarrow No, use $F_{\rm p}=$ 21.5969 k

$$F_{\rm p} = 21.5969 \, \text{k} \, \text{(LRFD)}$$

$$\therefore F_{\rm p} = \frac{21.5969 \,\text{k}}{1.4} = 15.4263 \,\text{k (ASD)}$$

Design Foundation for cylindrical holding tank:

Assume foundation is 1.5' deep:

$$d = \frac{h}{2} + 2' = \frac{15.1667'}{2} + 1.5' = 9.0834'$$

Overturning:

$$M_0 = F_p d = (15.4263 \text{ k})(9.0834') = 140.1225 \text{ k} - \text{ft}$$

$$M_R = DL\left(\frac{L}{2}\right) = 50.4482 \text{ k}\left(\frac{14'}{2}\right) = 353.1374 \text{ k} - \text{ft}$$

S. F. =
$$\frac{M_R}{M_0} = \frac{353.1374 \text{ k} - \text{ft}}{140.1225 \text{ k} - \text{ft}} = 2.52 > 1.5 \rightarrow \text{OK}$$

Sliding:

S. F. =
$$\frac{\text{(130 psf)(A}_F)}{F_D} = \frac{\text{(130 psf)(14')}^2}{15,426.3 \text{ lb}} = 1.652 > 1.5 \rightarrow \text{o. k.}$$

Use 14'x14'x1. 5'FTG for cylindrical brewing tank Use #5@12" O.C.

